## Inequality with angle bisectors, exstanded angle bisectors and sinuses.

https://www.linkedin.com/feed/update/urn:li:activity:6635213827829039104 In common notation:

Let *ABC* be a triangle inscribed in a circle and let  $l_a, l_b, l_c$  be lengths of the angle bisectors (internal to the triangle) and let  $L_a, L_b, L_c$  be lengths of the angle bisectors extended until the meet the circumcircle. Prove that

$$\frac{l_a}{L_a \sin^2 A} + \frac{l_b}{L_b \sin^2 B} + \frac{l_c}{L_c \sin^2 C} \ge 3.$$

Solution by Arkady Alt, San Jose ,California, USA.



Let R, r and s be, respectively, circumradius, inradius and semiperimeter of  $\triangle ABC$ . By Intersecting Chord Theorem we have  $AA_1 \cdot A_1A_2 = BA_1 \cdot A_1C \Leftrightarrow l_a(L_a - l_a) = b_1c_1 \Leftrightarrow l_aL_a = b_1c_1 + l_a^2$ . Since  $l_a^2 = bc - b_1c_1$  then  $l_aL_a = bc$ and, therefore,  $\frac{l_a}{L_a} = \frac{l_a^2}{l_aL_a} = \frac{l_a^2}{bc}$ . Hence, noting that  $a = 2R \sin A$  and abc = 4Rrswe obtain  $\sum \frac{l_a}{L_a \sin^2 A} \ge 3 \Leftrightarrow \sum \frac{l_a^2}{bc \sin^2 A} \ge 3 \Leftrightarrow \sum \frac{l_a^2}{a^2 bc} \ge \frac{3}{4R^2} \Leftrightarrow \sum \frac{l_a^2}{4R^2} \Leftrightarrow \sum \frac{l_a^2}{4R^2} \Leftrightarrow \sum \frac{l_a^2}{a} \ge \frac{3rs}{R}$ . Since by Cauchy Inequality  $\sum \frac{l_a^2}{a} \ge \frac{(\sum l_a)^2}{a + b + c} = \frac{1}{2s} (\sum l_a)^2$  and  $l_x \ge h_x, x \in \{a, b, c\}$ then  $\sum \frac{l_a^2}{a} \ge \frac{1}{2s} (\sum h_a)^2$  and noting that  $h_a = \frac{bc}{2R}$  we obtain  $\sum \frac{l_a^2}{a} \ge \frac{(ab + bc + ca)^2}{8sR^2}$ . Also we have  $(ab + bc + ca)^2 \ge 3abc(a + b + c) = 3 \cdot 4Rrs \cdot 2s = 24Rrs^2$ .